



Vocabulary I will learn...

Key Vocabulary	Definition
Bossa Nova	A style of samba developed in the late 1950s and early 1960s in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.
Syncopation	A variety of rhythms played together to make a piece of music, making part or all of a tune or piece of music off-beat.
Structure	the arrangement and order of the parts or sections of the music.
Swing	A genre of early jazz music.
Big Bands	A musical ensemble of jazz music that usually consists of ten or more musicians with four sections
Improvise	The act of creating and playing new music without preparing it in advance.
Dynamics	How quietly or loudly a piece of music should be played.
Riff	A pattern of notes that are repeated throughout a piece of music.
Hook	The catchy bit of a song, that is often repeated, that makes a song appealing.
Solo	A part of a song played by an individual musician.



Some jazz songs we will listen to:

Desafinado	5 Note Swing
Cotton Tail	Perido

Features of Jazz Music

- Includes improvisation.
- Songs often include several solos.
- Most jazz is rhythmic and uses blue notes (notes played at a slightly different pitch to standard).

Listen and Appraise Questions

- Do you like the music?
- What can you hear?
- What is the style of this music?
- How is the song put together?



A History of Jazz Music

- The 1920s and 1930s were known as 'the jazz age'.
- From 1920 to 1923, it was illegal to buy or sell alcohol. This was called prohibition. Secret clubs called 'speakeasies' opened during this time and many of them played jazz music for people to dance to.
- Bands, such as Kid Ory's Original Creole Jazz Band and New Orleans Rhythm Kings, were popular during the jazz age.

Jazz Musical Instruments

Instruments that are usually found in rock songs



Guitar



Trumpet



Trombone



Double Bass



Saxophone



Piano



Drums

