



This term we are going to be learning about six different music styles: Blues, Baroque, Latin, Bhangra, Folk and Funk. Each week, our song 'In the groove' will change

Blues

Blues music began in America. The main musical instruments used in blues music include the saxophone, drums, harmonica and double bass.



Baroque

Baroque music began in the 1600's. The main music instruments used in baroque music are the violin, harpsicord, oboe and the bassoon.



Latin

Latin music is popular in countries such as Spain and Portugal. The main instruments used in Latin music are maracas, bongos, claves and the conga.



Bhangra

Bhangra is an energetic form of music, originating from India. The main instruments used in Bhangra music are the tumbi, the dholak and the sitar.



Folk

Folk music is a traditional music style that some people enjoy dancing to. The main instruments used in folk music include the voice, guitar, fiddle and the accordion.



Funk

Funk music is up-beat and easy to dance to. The main instruments used in funk music include the voice, electric guitar, drums and keyboard.





We are going to be learning how to play the **glockenspiel**. We will be using the notes **C, D G and F** to play along with our song.



C



D



G

Here are some of the songs we will listen to:



Key vocabulary

Glockenspiel	An instrument from the percussion family. These have metal notes.
Beater	An object used to play instruments.
Beat	The steady timing in a piece of music.
Listen	The conscious focus on a piece of music.
Rhythm	A pattern of long and short notes in a song.
Tempo	The timing or speed of the music



Beater



Glockenspiel



Note



This is how to hold a beater correctly.

Listen and appraise questions:

How is the song put together?

What instruments can you hear?

What is the style of music?

- Introduction
- Verse
- Chorus
- Ending