



Artefacts and Evidence

We can find out lots about the past by looking at evidence. We can learn about The Great Fire from diaries, paintings, reports, artefacts and buildings.



leather water bucket



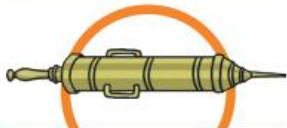
St Paul's Cathedral



Tower of London



axe



water squirt



fire hook

Key Facts

When did it happen?

Sunday 2nd September 1666



How did it start

Bakery Shop Pudding Lane



How did it spread?

Strong Winds and wooden buildings.



What made it stop?

Houses were pulled down to make fire breaks.



The fire took 4 days to be put out.

Important People



Thomas Farriner

He owned the bakery on Pudding Lane. This is where the fire started.



King Charles II

He was the King of England.



Samuel Pepys

He wrote a diary which talked about the fire. This helped us learn about the fire today.

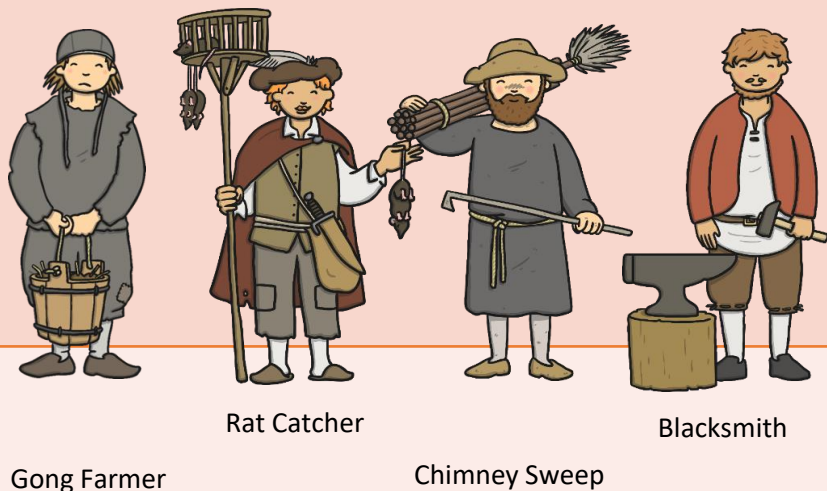


Sir Christopher Wren

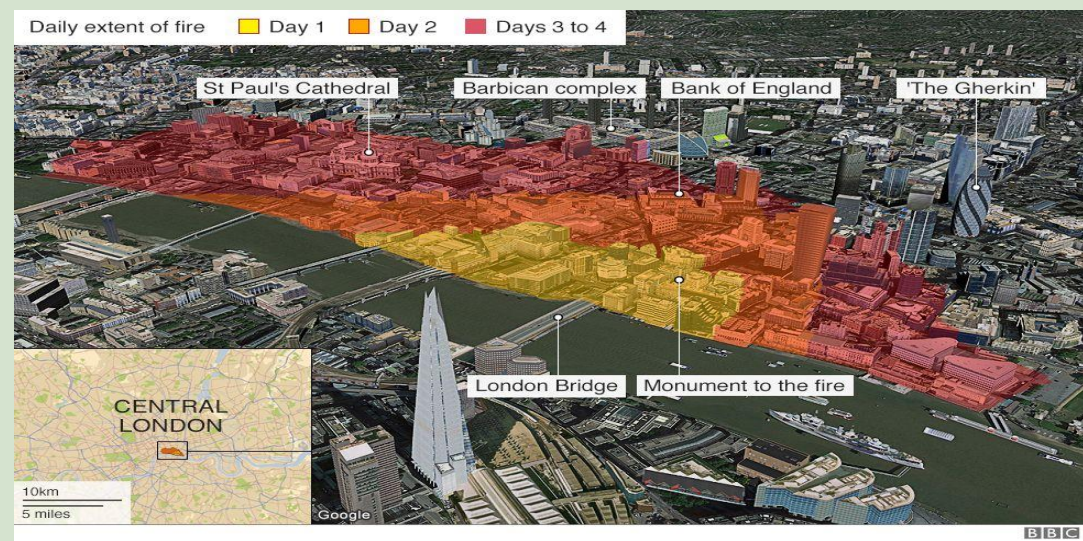
He helped to rebuild many important London buildings such as St Paul's Cathedral.



London in 1666.

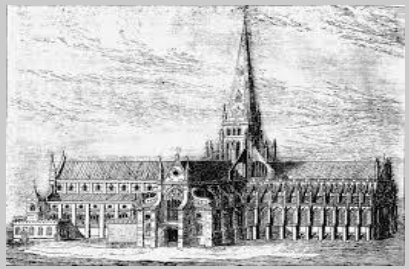


How much of London was lost?



St Paul's Cathedral

There was a cathedral there for hundreds of years before the fire in 1666.



New 1675
Designed by Sir Christopher Wren.

It took 35 years to rebuild

Key Vocabulary

History	What has happened to people and places in the past
Diary	A book that people write about their lives in.
Bakery	A place that makes bread, cakes, etc
Plague	An illness that was spread by rats
Opinion	What someone thinks about something.
Evidence	Something that we can learn about the past from
Rescue	To save from damage
Living memory	People who saw it happen can tell you about it
Firebreak	gap that stops a fire spreading to nearby buildings.
Similar	How things are the same
Differences	How something has changed